

THE DAILY BANNER TIMES

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UNTIL ELECTION DAY

McKinley and Bryan Will Continue to Expound Their Doctrines to Voters.

CARLISLE OUTRAGE DENOUNCED.

Republican Candidate Talks on Coercion. Bryan Speaks to Jacksonville Friends. Palmer and Buckner Making Speeches to Towns—Carlisle at Owensboro, Ky. Other Political News.

CANTON, O., Oct. 27.—The largest crowds in Canton have been confined most generally to Saturdays. Yesterday, however, was a surprise, even to the much-surprised Cantonians. Organized delegations from Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois came. The day was fair and the processions of unusual brilliancy. The New Jersey Frelinghuysen Lancers set the style, and the day throughout was distinguished by the most handsome paraphernalia of parade yet witnessed. The Erie railway employees' delegation was numbered by thousands. The visitors gathered and packed and swayed about the McKinley house so that speaking from the porch, to be heard by so vast a crowd, was impossible. The women, as well as the men, in the railway delegations each carried an American flag, and these were waved vigorously.

The introductory speeches referred to the coercion charge of Mr. Bryan. Major McKinley, referring to the charge of forcing employees, said: "There are some people who seem to think the best way to get on in this world, is to be against one another, and that there is natural antagonism between those who employ labor and those who are employed. They are disturbed whenever they discover that the employer of labor and labor itself are on good terms, and whenever that occurs they commence crying coercion. It is not coercion; it is co-operation, the one working with the other for the public good and for their advantages, severally."

Major McKinley, in response to O. H. Montgomery, who spoke on behalf of Indiana delegations, said, in part: "My fellow citizens—The call which you have seen fit to make upon me this morning, from our neighboring state of Indiana, gives me sincere pleasure and is greatly appreciated. I am glad that the railroad employees of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern are deeply interested in the pending campaign. And why are they interested? Because upon the settlement of the question that now divides us, and on which one week from tomorrow you will express your several judgments, is involved public safety, public honor, public confidence and the stability of the credit and currency of the government of the United States."

"Now, what we want in this country—I am now addressing the sound money club of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad alone—is first, confidence, confidence in each other, confidence in the credit of the country, confidence in the future, confidence in our money; confidence that if we invest our money today we will get something out of it at the end of the year. If we have not any confidence of that kind, no one will feel like investing money, and if money is not invested, there is no employment for labor."

"Then too, we want a tariff that will raise enough money to keep this government out of debt. We do not want any more debts and deficiencies either in the treasury or among the people. We must pay as we go. We want a tariff that will enable us to pay all our bills, and we want that tariff so adjusted as to encourage American protection and uphold and sustain the dignity and independence of American labor. The labor of this country was never so independent or prosperous as during the 33 years when we were under a protective tariff and on a sound monetary basis. Labor never had so many comforts and homes of our laboring men so much cheer, hope and contentment as during those 33 years."

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

Gold Standard Candidates Talking to the People of Iowa.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Oct. 27.—Generals Palmer and Buckner the gold standard candidates, were given an ovation here yesterday. Long before the hour set for the reception of the gray haired veterans crowds began to congregate in the hotels and corners of the streets in anticipation of the event. A reception committee composed of old soldiers and ladies escorted the party from the depot to the Moundamin hotel where a reception was held. Among the callers were many veterans who had fought under General Palmer. During their speech-making at the grand opera-house both generals were liberally applauded by their hearers. At the close of the addresses the generals were escorted to the depot and left for Council Bluffs.

Secretary Carlisle at Owensboro. OWENSBORO, Ky., Oct. 27.—Secretary Carlisle came here from Louisville and addressed about 2,000 people, nearly 1,000 of whom were ladies at the Sam Jones tabernacle. The silver speaker was very much in evidence, but Mr. Carlisle was treated most courteous, and there was not the slightest disorder, excepting at one time when a policeman had to be called to quell some negroes in the rear of the tabernacle who had become a little noisy. His address lasted about an hour, and by the gold standard people was well received.

AT HIS SCHOOLDAY'S HOME.

Democratic Candidate Received an Ovation Yesterday at Jacksonville, Ills. JACKSONVILLE, Ills., Oct. 27.—That portion of the city hall square in Jacksonville about the gaily decorated speaker's stand which had been built near the north end was densely crowded when William J. Bryan began to speak yesterday. The ovation given him was one of the greatest he has received in any city of any where near the size of Jacksonville. There was a parade during the day which would have done credit to a town much larger than Jacksonville. There was a number of yellow ribbons scattered through the crowd but they were in the minority. Mr. Bryan was introduced by Judge O. P. Thompson and when he took the stand to speak he was cheered wildly. He said in part:

"It is always pleasing to meet a large number of people in any part of the country, but it is especially gratifying to find so many willing to turn out on this occasion when I come back to the city which was for many years my home. It is gratifying to meet again the friends whom I used to know and to learn by their presence and their words that the acquaintance then formed is continued and that the good will that they so often manifested then is still evident. I come back as the representative of a great principle, as the champion of a great cause, as the candidate of those who believe that the American people are able to attend to their own business. If there is anyone in Morgan county who believes that 70,000,000 people must bow the knee to foreign nations and bend their necks to a foreign yoke, I cannot expect those people to vote for me this year because I do not believe that we should submit ourselves to foreign dictation."

"The national parties declared the money question to be the paramount issue of the campaign and those bolting Democrats who went over to help the Republicans, without having the courage to call themselves Republicans, also declared that the money question was the paramount issue and yet our opponents, when they find themselves unable to meet the argument in favor of bimetalism, when they find themselves unable to convince the American people that our finances are safest when in the hands of syndicates—I say our opponents, failing in the first fight that they made—now turn to the people of this country and say that the election of the Chicago ticket is a menace to our form of government. We are prepared to meet our enemies on any battlefield, but we want them to distinctly understand that no matter how badly they have been defeated in argument that they have got to face this money question for one week more before the American people."

Mr. Bryan then defended the plank in the Chicago platform relating to the income tax and the criticism of the supreme court. He quoted the dissenting opinion of Justice Brown and then went on to reply to the charge that the Democrats were trying to array class against class. There were four short stops made by Mr. Bryan between Jacksonville and Alton. At Roodhouse, where a five minute stop was made, a good-sized assemblage, among which there was a liberal sprinkling of yellow ribbons, greeted the candidate. He spoke from the platform for a few moments, his speech being of the same general tenor as his ordinary tailend address. Godfrey, Jerseyville and Kane turned out fair sized crowds to cheer Mr. Bryan as he appeared at the back end of the car. Two speeches were made at Alton last night, one from either side of the city hall building. Large and enthusiastic audiences testified to their appreciation of the nominee's statements by cheering and applauding at each stop he made in his address.

CARLISLE OUTRAGE.

Mass Meeting in Covington Last Night Denounced Its Perpetrators.

COVINGTON, Ky., Oct. 27.—Odd Fellows hall was crowded last night by men exclusively, without distinction of party, to express indignation at the insult offered Secretary Carlisle in that hall on last Thursday night. The chairman chosen was Hon. Harvey Meyers, one of the electors on the Democratic W. J. Bryan ticket for Kentucky. In his speech on taking the chair Mr. Meyers said that Secretary John G. Carlisle of all men can afford to let that outrage to him go unnoticed. The city of Covington of all cities could not let it pass without a thunder of disapproval.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted condemning the outrage to Mr. Carlisle in unmeasured terms, disclaiming the responsibility of Covington for that conduct and calling upon the city government to detect and punish the perpetrators. There was not a single no against the resolutions. The mayor was severely handled in an interchange of words by a citizen in the audience, who charged him and his police with coming short of their duty.

Fusion in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, Oct. 27.—The following telegram was sent last night to Daniel J. Campan at Chicago, signed by Hal W. Ayer and Clement Manly, chairman of the People's and Democratic state executive committees, respectively: "Electoral fusion between Populists, Democrats and Silver Republicans complete in North Carolina, which assures Bryan a majority of at least 30,000 in this state."

Seized Their Walking Sticks.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—A Berlin dispatch to The Standard says that Russian officials on the Prussian frontier have seized 100 thick walking sticks containing thousands of nihilist proclamations.

MILLIONS INVOLVED

Contest of the Fayerweather Will in Albany, N. Y.

COLLEGES THE BENEFICIARIES.

Decisions Have Been Rendered by Two Courts and Each Time Against the Trustees, and Now It Comes Up on an Appeal—Wabash College One of Those Interested.

ALBANY, Oct. 27.—The calendar of the New York state court of appeals contains one of the most interesting cases heard in some time by that august body and which affects nearly every college and university of any standing in the country, as well as many hospitals. The case is the matter of the contest of the will of Daniel Fayerweather, in which he left \$2,150,000 to these 20 colleges:

Bowdoin, Dartmouth, Williams, Amherst, Wesleyan, Yale, Columbia, Union Theological seminary, Hamilton, Rochester, Cornell, Lafayette, Lincoln, University of Virginia, Hampton, Maryville, Marietta, Adelbert, Wabash and Park. This was under the ninth clause of the will. Cornell and Columbia each receiving \$200,000. Yale \$300,000 and the others from \$50,000 to \$100,000.

Under the tenth clause he left the residue of his estate, which amounted to about \$3,000,000, to the same colleges, share and share alike. In a codicil of the will, however, the testator changed this residuary bequest, leaving the residue absolutely to the trustees. A contest was begun on the ground that this absolute bequest was illegal and thereupon the trustees made a so-called deed of gift in which they announced that they had distributed the residue among certain other colleges and hospitals.

This decision entirely ignored Bowdoin, Dartmouth, Williams, Rochester, Amherst, Columbia, Hamilton, Cornell, University of Virginia, Hampton and Adelbert. The trustees of Amherst, Dartmouth, Hamilton and Williams colleges and the University of Rochester thereupon contested the validity of the deed of gift and Judge Truax set it aside, holding that the residue should be distributed to the 20 colleges under the 10th clause of the will as if the codicil had not existed.

The general term affirmed this decision unanimously. In rendering the decision the court said that Mr. Fayerweather died convinced that the trustees would do this, but that they attempted to dispose of the residuary estate in violation of these promises.

The defendant trustees, backed by the schools and hospitals recognized by them, now contest the general term opinion.

CHARGED WITH GRAND LARCENY.

Son of ex-Governor A. B. Cornell Arrested at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Henry W. Cornell, a lawyer and a son of ex-Governor A. B. Cornell, has been arrested at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., charged with grand larceny. Cornell denies the allegation. He says he was appointed secretary of the New York state branch of the Silver party and called a convention of silver clubs of the state to be held in Buffalo. He says he drew drafts for \$425 to pay the expenses. These drafts were cashed by John J. Clary of Buffalo and the proceeds were paid out for expenses. Clary found the drafts worthless and made the complaint against Cornell, who says he will easily clear himself of the charge.

High Gold in Argentina.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Mr. Buchanan, United States minister to the Argentine Republic in a report to the department of state on money and prices in foreign countries says he is convinced that all classes of workmen, with few exceptions, are receiving less wages in high gold countries than they were 10 years ago, the purchasing power of their money being considered. While it is equally true that the farmers have been getting better prices for their products.

Republican Train.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Arrangements have been completed by the Republican national committee with the different trunk lines running west from St. Louis to send special trains Wednesday morning for a tour of Missouri under the management of the Commercial Travelers' club of St. Louis. Each train will have 20 men selected from the clubs and five speakers to make addresses. The trains will be handsomely decorated and will carry a large supply of literature, etc. Particular attention will be paid to farmers.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The United States treasury yesterday lost \$441,600 in gold coin and \$18,100 in bars which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve \$11,522,423.

President Cleveland spent Saturday afternoon near Sandy Spring in Montgomery, Md., squirrel shooting, returning with eight or 10 squirrels.

Indian inspector C. C. Duncan has completed a tour of inspection of Indian agencies in the northwest and has returned to Washington with reports indicating general progress among the tribes in that section.

A dispatch from Halifax, N. S., says that the military authorities are laying cables for telephone connection between the various Halifax fortifications which have heretofore been maintained by overhead wires.

RUNAWAY MINE CAR.

It Caused the Death of One Man and Seriously Injured Four Others.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Oct. 27.—By the running away of a mine car on the Midvale colliery railroad yesterday Peter Gulick, a miner, was killed, his brains being dashed out against a telegraph pole, and John H. Hubot, Andrew Gerber, James Trewitt and Michael Dutchke, laborers, sustained injuries that may prove fatal. The runaway car crashed into several loaded ones standing at the foot of the steep decline.

Important Supreme Court Decision.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—An important Customs decision was rendered by the United States supreme court yesterday. Leverett Saltonstall was collector of customs for the port of Boston and the suit was brought against him by Birtwell to recover excess of duties paid under protest on importations. It was conceded by the collector that the duty collected was in excess of the requirement of the law. The contention was as to whether the protest was made in the time provided by law. The government took the position that the protests to be efficacious should have been made on or before the time the payments were made, which was not done in this case. The decisions in all the lower courts have been against the government's contention and the opinion delivered yesterday affirms this view of the question.

P. J. Tynan Arrives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—P. J. Tynan the alleged "No. 1" of the Phoenix Park murders, arrived here last night on the North German Lloyd steamer Saale from Bremen. He ridiculed the cleverness of the Scotland Yard detectives, saying he had been under their noses many times. He says he accomplished the purpose for which he went to Europe, but would not disclose the nature of that purpose.

New York World Wins.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—A year ago The World published an article on Dr. Ashton Buchanan Talbot of Philadelphia, in which it was stated the physician had a penchant for marrying "old ladies and riches." Dr. Talbot brought suit for libel against The World in the United States circuit court, asking \$50,000 damages. The trial was concluded yesterday. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of The World.

To Get an Extension of Time.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Colonel Province McCormick, United States Indian inspector, has been ordered to proceed to the Ponca agency in Oklahoma Territory to confer with the Otoe and Missouri Indians regard an extension of time to the settlers to pay for the lands bought from these Indians in Kansas and Nebraska.

Protest Against Treatment of Prisoners.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—A well attended public meeting was held at the Academy of Music last night to protest against ill-treatment of Irish political prisoners in English prisons. Ex-Governor Pattison presided and addresses were made by Alexander K. McClure, ex-Congressman McAleer and Rabbi Joseph Krauskopf.

Francis' Friend Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Isaac Lionberger of St. Louis, has been appointed assistant attorney general of the United States for the interior department. He succeeds William A. Little of Georgia, who recently resigned to become a candidate for the office of justice of the supreme court of Georgia. Mr. Lionberger is a friend of Secretary Francis.

Newspaper Artist Arraigned in Court.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—William J. Koerner, the newspaper artist formerly of Pittsburg, who was indicted for shooting his sweetheart, Rosie G. Redgate, was yesterday arraigned in the court of general sessions, but at the request of his counsel, pleading to the indictment was postponed.

Sentenced to Be Hanged.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Oct. 27.—Elmer Clawson, the 18-year-old youth who was convicted of murdering Henry Hodgetts, a farmer of Blackemin, was arraigned here yesterday and sentenced by Judge Magie to be hanged on Dec. 16 at the Somerset county jail.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Prevailing Prices for Grain, Cattle and Poultry on Oct. 26.

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 red, 71c. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 25c. OATS—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 15c. CATTLE—Heavy dry fed steers, \$4.00; 4-6; shipping and export steers, \$3.70; 3-4; common to fair steers, \$2.90; 3-4; feeding steers, \$3.15; 3-4; medium to choice heifers, \$2.75; 3-4; common to choice cows, \$1.00; 3-4; real calves, \$8.50; 5-6. Market unchanged.

HOGS—Packing and good to choice, \$3.25; 3-4; lightweights, \$3.25; 3-4; pigs and roughs, \$2.50; 3-4. Market higher. SHEEP—Common to choice lambs, \$2.25; 3-4; medium to choice sheep, \$2.00; 3-4. Market steady.

Cincinnati Grain and Stock.

WHEAT—Quiet; No. 2 red, 71c. CORN—Active; No. 2 mixed, 26c. OATS—Easy; No. 2 mixed, 15c. CATTLE—Steady at \$2.25; 3-4. HOGS—Active at \$2.75; 3-4. SHEEP—Steady at \$1.75; 3-4; lambs, steady at \$2.75; 3-4.

Toledo Grain.

WHEAT—No. 2 cash, 78c. CORN—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 25c. OATS—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 15c.

East Liberty Live Stock.

CATTLE—Lower at \$2.00; 3-4. HOGS—Higher at \$2.50; 3-4. SHEEP—Steady at \$1.75; 3-4; lambs, steady at \$2.00; 3-4.

UNSATISFIED MINERS

Refuse to Abide the Decision of Their Delegates in Reducing the Scale.

STABBED WITH A STILETTO.

Says the Report Is False—Missionary Society Elects Officers—Tried to Rob a Church—Fatal Injuries From a Fall. Went to Sleep Under a Car—Bloodhounds Tracking Firebugs.

GLOUCESTER, O., Oct. 27.—The situation in the Sunday Creek Valley mining districts has greatly changed within the last few days. At a meeting of delegates from all the mines in the district it was decided to accept the reduction in the mining rate from 61 to 45 cents, and every mine posted notices to the effect that work would commence last Friday. The miners, however, seemed to have taken a different view of the matter, and positively refused to labor at the reduced wages. Another meeting has been called, to convene at Murray City next Thursday, and until then the miners will remain idle.

A great many of the miners in the Sunday Creek Valley district believe that the operators are putting up a big bluff, and that they can afford to pay the old rate of 61 cents. About half are willing to work at 45 cents, but several emphatically refuse to think of working at a reduction.

ELECTED OFFICERS.

Woman's Home Missionary Society Selects Its Conductors For Another Year.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Oct. 27.—At yesterday's session of the board of managers of the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church in the United States the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Clinton B. Fiske of New York; first vice president, Mrs. Jane Bancroft Robinson of Detroit; second vice president, Mrs. H. C. McCabe of Delaware, O.; third vice president, Mrs. Bishop Walden of Cincinnati; fourth vice president, Mrs. F. S. Hoyt of Sandusky, O.; fifth vice president, Mrs. W. C. Hanson of Cincinnati; corresponding secretary, Mrs. R. E. Rust of Cincinnati; recording secretary, Mrs. F. A. Aitken of Decatur, Ills.; treasurer, Mrs. G. W. Williams of Delaware, O.

Inactivity in the Oil Field.

PORTLAND, Ind., Oct. 27.—There is great inactivity in the Indiana oil field, and it may be said that scarcely anything is doing. The largest company operating in the field is said to have only three strings of tools at work, while another large corporation has not built a rig since July. Other companies are likewise situated, and a good authority gives the lack of paying territory as the principal reason.

Tried to Rob a Church's Strongbox.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 27.—An extraordinary burglary was attempted at St. Patrick's church. Entrance was gained by breaking out a costly stained glass window. The robbers were after the contribution boxes, one of which contained \$10 and the other a smaller amount. They drilled one of the boxes, tried to break the lock and then tried to wrench it from its fastenings, but were unsuccessful.

Honest Man.

DELAWARE, O., Oct. 27.—Mrs. James Healy, while shopping, lost her pocket-book, containing \$100. A Hewitt, a Dayton traveling man, picked it up on the street, and, being unable to find an owner, left it at the hotel and departed for home. It was later restored to its owner.

Stabbed by an Italian.

CARRON, Ind., Oct. 27.—John Hays, a miner, was fatally stabbed here in a drunken quarrel over politics. An Italian, name unknown, drew a stiletto and cut Hays a number of times, each time thrusting the weapon to the hilt in Hays' body. The murderer escaped.

Died From Lockjaw.

PORTLAND, Ind., Oct. 27.—Henry C. Bates, a prominent citizen, died in awful agony yesterday of lockjaw. A few weeks ago he accidentally shot himself in the foot. The wound was thought to be trivial, but he rapidly grew worse until death relieved him.

Long Verdict.

PORTLAND, Ind., Oct. 27.—In the case of Dora Adams against the Parker Natural Gas company for \$2,500 damages, the jury returned a verdict giving the plaintiff \$1,045. The verdict was the longest ever returned here, as in it 272 interrogatories were answered.

Bloodhounds Tracking Firebugs.

MEMPHIS, Ind., Oct. 27.—Incendiaries fired an unoccupied house here belonging to T. T. Weir. Bloodhounds were procured and they tracked the firebugs to Fourteen Mile creek, where the culprits stole two horses and rode away. The men are negroes.

Arrested For Stealing a Cookstove.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ills., Oct. 27.—Walter Portee has been arrested on a charge of stealing a cookstove from John J. Waddock. Portee claims the stove belongs to him and that he loaned it to Waddock.

Mill Resumed Work.

BELLEVILLE, Ills., Oct. 27.—The Crescent nail mills resumed yesterday after a stoppage of a week.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Directors Asking Legislative Candidates Questions.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Oct. 27.—A circular letter has been addressed to each candidate for the legislature in this district by the directors of the various building and loan associations, calling upon them to define their position toward building and loan associations. The following questions are asked: 1. Are you in favor of taxing paid up or running stock of the association? 2. Are you opposed to premiums charged or in favor of limiting interest and premium charges? 3. In general, can we rely on you as a friend, to at any and all times protect the best interests of building and loan associations, recognized as the savings banks of our wage-earners? Legislation detrimental to association interest is a direct blow to the wage-earner.

Elevators Burned.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—The two huge grain elevators belonging to the Chicago and Pacific Elevator company, were destroyed by fire yesterday, together with their contents. A number of smaller buildings were burned as well, and the total loss will be \$1,000,000; the insurance will cover three-quarters of the amount.

Ballplayer Knoll Loses an Eye.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 27.—"Hub" Knoll, the great outfielder of the Detroit Baseball club, whose home is in this city, was badly injured by being shot by a companion while out hunting. The injury is not fatal, but one eye was shot out, and his usefulness on the diamond is probably ended.

Result of an Accidental Shooting.

LAPORTE, Ind., Oct. 27.—Joseph Miller, who resides at Riverside, severely wounded himself in the arm by an accidental shot from his gun. He went home with his bleeding arm, and his sister, who is an invalid, was so shocked that she died in a few hours.

Faithful Doctor Stricken.

HAMILTON, O., Oct. 27.—Dr. Thomas D. Sharkey, a prominent physician, is lying in a Mercy hospital with a severe attack of diphtheria. He has had charge of eight or nine charity patients at the hospital. He contracted the disease by his faithful service to the little sufferers.

Diphtheria Cases Becoming Numerous.

DELAWARE, O., Oct. 27.—Cases of diphtheria are becoming numerous in this city, and fears are entertained of an epidemic of the disease. The utmost precautions are being taken by the health and school authorities.

Died of Injuries Inflicted by a Sheep.

SCOTTSBURG, Ind., Oct. 27.—Mrs. Eliza McNeely, an aged lady residing near here, died from injuries inflicted by a vicious buck sheep, which she attempted to drive from the yard.

Went to Sleep Under a Car.

COALTON, O., Oct. 27.—Thomas Freeman, aged 50, a farmer living at Raysville, this county, went to sleep under a car in the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton yards and was killed.

Fatal Injuries From a Fall.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 27.—A workman named E. Price fell headfirst from the third story of the Stevenson building yesterday and received injuries from which he shortly died.

Nice Legacy.

GREENSBURG, Ind., Oct. 27.—Mrs. Benjamin Little of this city, has come into possession of a legacy of \$10,000, bequeathed to her by an uncle, the late Colonel Firman Jessup.

W. C. T. U. Worker Robbed.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 27.—Burglars entered John Getty's house and stole \$20 belonging to Lenora Ayers of Indianapolis, a W. C. T. U. worker.

Fine Farm Residence Burned.

ELWOOD, Ind., Oct. 27.—The \$5,000 farm residence of Jacob Wayne burned with all its contents, causing a loss of \$12,000.

TRI-STATE BREVITIES.

The directors of the Greensburg (Ind.) Third National bank have elected Charles Zoller president, vice John E. Robbins, deceased.

During the present week a street fair and product show will be held at Veedersburg, Ind., for which much preparation has been made.

Charles Hunwell, a tailor and a veteran soldier, aged 60, was found dead at the foot of a stairway in Columbus, O. It is supposed he was murdered.

Dave Smith, living about five miles north of Union City, Ind., had his arm torn to pieces by a cornhusker. Amputation was necessary at the elbow.

Frederick Althiem of Athens, Ills., aged 18, had his fingers so badly mangled by the explosion of a gun that they had to be amputated. Blood poisoning is feared.

Edwin Lowder, 16 years old, of Buck Creek township, Hancock county, Ind., was killed in a runaway accident, the wheels of a low wagon passing over his chest.

Cholera is playing havoc with the hogs in the vicinity of Elkhart, Ind. Charles Fisher reports the loss of 16 of the disease and many others report their stock afflicted.

John Smith, giving his residence as Cincinnati, has been arrested in Dayton, O., on a charge of peddling without a license. He was disposing of brilliant and bogus diamonds and refused to give an account of how he came by them.

While Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ball of Rush county, Ind., were attending a rally at Arlington, accompanied by their two daughters, Miss Ethel Ball, 17 years old, attempted to pass in front of a freight train and was instantly killed.

James Alexander, retired merchant of Marshall, Ind., was returning home from a rally at Rockville, when his buggy collided with a double team and he was instantly killed. The three men driving the double team were severely injured.

1896 OCTOBER. 1896

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25	26	27	28	29	30	31

DAILY BANNER TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday at the BANNER TIMES office, corner Vine and Franklin streets.

Changes for display advertisements must be handed in by 10 o'clock a.m. each day. Reading advertisements will be received each day up to 1 o'clock p.m.

All communications should be signed with the name of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith. Anonymous communications can not be noticed.

Where delivery is irregular, please report same promptly at publication office.

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 Per inch, first insertion.....25 cts.
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 Brief type, per line, 5 cts. One line paragraphs charged as occupying two lines space. The following rates will be allowed only if accompanied by order:
 10 lines.....10 cts. per line
 20 lines.....20 cts. per line
 30 lines.....30 cts. per line
 40 lines.....40 cts. per line
 50 lines.....50 cts. per line
 60 lines.....60 cts. per line
 70 lines.....70 cts. per line
 80 lines.....80 cts. per line
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 HARRY M. SMITH,.....Managing Editor

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Telephones.
 COUNTING ROOM.....62
 EDITORIAL ROOM.....95

SPECIAL NOTICE.
 We publish, and are glad to get the same when they are new, free of notice of deaths, births and marriages, but we charge for extended accounts of marriages, obituaries, lodge notices, resolutions and cards of thanks, and will publish none such unless agreed, or satisfactory arrangement thereon, is made in advance.

SEND news to Telephone 95.

VOTE for Macy.

VOTE for Moore.

VOTE for Darnall.

VOTE for Williams.

VOTE for Summers.

VOTE for Matthews.

VOTE for Reat and Stoner.

If the county crowd of mismanagers can pay nearly \$4000 of debt in three days after their debt was exposed, why have they paid interest for ten or twelve years on over \$12,000? Why didn't they get at this paying business long before the republicans got after them with a prod. The people will have no confidence in a crowd that pays only after they are exposed.

It was real cruel in Chairman Colliver and ex-Chairman Ader to put off until the last minute their public declaration that they were in sympathy with the Chicago platform. While they didn't exactly say it Monday night, they said as much as they dared and that little was forced. As "Bogarduses" their shots scattered, however, and no one was hit by any of their bullets. They fired in the air and their aim was bad.

According to the chairman and ex-chairman of the democratic county committee, Bryan is to be elected and the county is to go democratic. Did any one ever hear of such statements coming right on the heels of an election? Try as they may these two bosses, who have been lukewarm all fall, while the faithful have been working, cannot make sensible men believe their foolish assertions, neither of which was backed up by a bit of proof or a figure.

The handbill says the republicans put off until the close of the

campaign their attack on county matters. They did nothing of the kind. The BANNER TIMES has been hammering away at the subject all summer and finally forced the democratic papers to begin "explaining." That was just where we wanted them. The party then took it up and the county gang has been thoroughly held up to the public gaze. The democratic leaders first said there was no county debt; then admitted about half of it; then paid off \$4000 of it as soon as exposed, and now their papers have the audacity to say that the republicans have waited until the last minute to spring a sensation. The loud roar from tax payers is but the result of their learning of the manner in which they have been robbed, and they are thankful to the republicans for an opportunity to find out the truth.

TAKE DEMOCRATIC STATEMENTS

If any taxpayer of Putnam county cares to investigate the condition of county offices, it is not necessary to take his information from republican newspapers or from republican speakers; for the newspapers used by democratic county officers for the announcements they have to make to the public, furnish facts sufficient to sustain the charge of mismanagement.

If any democrat in Putnam county desires to make an honest investigation of the condition of his county's treasury, we suggest that he take as the starting point for his inquiry the statement which appeared in the Greencastle Democrat of June 25th, 1892, which is as follows: "The county owed June 1st, but \$750, out of county revenue." Again on Sept. 19th, 1896, the same newspaper said: "The county owes no debts whatever chargeable to the general funds." Again on October 14th, 1896, in the same newspaper appeared an "explanation" of the county's indebtedness which is as follows:

Eveline Woodruff, Nov. 1, '84 @ 5 per cent, Mt. M.—Putnamville gravel road.....\$ 2000 00
 Turman & Laughlin, Dec. 2, '84 @ 6 per cent, Mt. M.—Putnamville gravel road.....\$ 500 00
 Central National Bank, renewal Sept. 15, '96, @ 6 per cent, Mt. M.—Putnamville gravel road.....\$3 445 25

Total gravel road.....\$5 945 25

COUNTY REVENUE (Notes.)

G. F. Rightsell, Sept. 8, 1888, \$ 350 00
 John Rightsell, " " " " \$2 000 00
 G. F. Rightsell, Oct. 31, 1887, \$ 500 00
 Centr'l Nat. bank renewal Sept. 15, '96.....\$3 554 75

Total county.....\$6 404 75
 SAMUEL GARDNER, WM. FORD, Com. JACOB RIEGEL, Sec.

We suggest that the honest democratic voters of the county who have been deceived for years by the statements of certain democratic politicians, would do well to refer to the Democrat of the above named dates, and see for himself who it is that has been misrepresenting the facts about the county's debt.

If the statement of June 1, 1892 and Sept. 19, 1896, are true then the statement of October 14, 1896, must be false, and if the latter statement is true, then statements of June 1, 1892 and of September 19th, 1896, are not only false, but must have been known to be false at the time they were published and must have been made for purpose of deceiving the people of this county.

If any democratic voter contemplates calling upon the county auditor for an explanation of the condition of the county's indebtedness, let him carry with him a copy of the Greencastle Democrat of October 14, 1896, and ask the officers to explain, not the charges made by republicans, but the statements published by democratic authority.

You Can Be Well

When your blood is pure, rich and nourishing for nerves and muscles. The blood is the vital fluid, and when it is poor, thin and impure you must either suffer from some distressing disease or you will easily fall a victim to sudden changes exposure, or overwork. Keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be well.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pill; aid digestion, cure headache, 25 cents.

The County's Debt.

Some Additional Facts and Figures Connected with the Recent Exposure.

SMALL PART OF DEBT PAID

After Years of Waiting the Court House Crowd Lets Loose of about \$4,000. Where Did They Get the Cash?

Since the exposure of the condition of Putnam county at the meeting on last Tuesday night, there has been quite a stir among the democratic politicians of the county and various explanations have been attempted to get rid of the true impression which is going out among the people of Putnam county. This is particularly the case with reference to the exposure of the condition of the county's indebtedness. Loud and vehement denials have been made, and the county attorney has been called upon to come to the defense of the party, which he attempted to do in a public speech in this city last Thursday. His explanation was largely an attempt to show that this indebtedness was not a burden upon the tax payers of the entire county, but that, as he claimed, the indebtedness all grew out of the construction and purchase of free gravel roads, those only would suffer on account of such indebtedness who owned lands along the lines of the roads constructed, or property in the townships which were taxed for the purchase of the toll roads. This explanation does not relieve the people of the county from the burden of these debts, though it might, if true, transfer that burden to a part only of the taxpayers. If the fact be as Mr. Ader claims these tax payers are being doubly wronged that others may not suffer. But the debts remain. Some body must pay them. The trouble about the whole business and the thing which gives the people great concern is the false representations that have been given out in regard to this indebtedness. It now being admitted that the representations made upon democratic authority were in fact false, and that this indebtedness of over \$21,000.00, which is long past due, (in addition to \$7000.00 bonds which are not yet matured), is in fact outstanding, causes the people of Putnam county to believe that the whole truth has not yet been brought to light in regard to this matter. They demand that the books be opened—and the whole truth be given up. One explanation attempted by Mr. Ader was that the county had been compelled to assume the payment of a portion of the costs of the construction of the Greencastle and Cloverdale road. He did not explain why the county was thus burdened with this debt; that it was the mismanagement and unauthorized acts of the county authorities that caused this burden to fall upon the county, and that after this amount of said indebtedness had been cast upon the county, the property owners along the line of that road suffered an additional assessment of nearly 97 per cent. over the original assessment levied upon their property for the construction of the road; or that after the property owners along the line of that road were compelled to pay more than double the amount the road should have cost, the county was then also compelled to assume an additional burden of the indebtedness illegally thus contracted through the mismanagement of the county authorities in the building of said road. Neither did Mr. Ader, nor have the democratic papers of the county, denied or attempted to explain the fact that out of the proceeds of the bonds sold while the gravel roads were being constructed for the purpose of raising funds to pay for the construction of such roads \$14,396.84 were unlawfully and illegally appropriated and used for county purposes. Were the land owners along

the line of the roads constructed taxed for the purpose of paying this \$14,000.00 misappropriated by the county? If not, do the gentlemen claim that this indebtedness was created for the construction of free gravel roads and only the people living along the roads could be taxed for the payment thereof?

Again, if the \$12,450 indebtedness is all an indebtedness on account of the construction of gravel roads, will these gentlemen explain to the people of the county from what source the money is to come to pay it?

It is conceded that all of the taxes assessed upon the land owners along the lines of these roads for the payment of the debts created in the construction of these roads have been collected except the \$3000 or \$3500 on the Mt. Meridian & Putnamville road. If this be true, and it is not denied, where has the money come from to pay the interest on the other \$8000 for all these years, and where is the \$8000 to come from to pay the residue of the principal of this indebtedness? Is it proposed to make another assessment along the line of the "Greencastle and Morton road," or the "Pine Bluff road," or the "Roachdale and Walnut Bridge road?" While Mr. Ader is attempting to shift this burden from the county, perhaps he can explain to the property owners along these roads, who have paid their full assessment, how the bonds which were issued to procure funds to build those roads, and which are yet unpaid, are to be wiped out, if the county is not liable for them? In any event, the fact remains that the taxes collected to pay these bonds were not applied in that way.

One good result has already come from the meeting and exposure at the court house on the night of the 20th. The bond of \$1823.75 given for the purchase of the Greencastle & Crawfordville road, and which fell due Aug. 10, 1894, has been paid and a similar bond given at the same time for the same purpose which fell due Aug. 10, 1895, has also been paid since that meeting. The Records of the county commissioners, No. 14, page 536, show that the county borrowed of the Central National bank of Greencastle, \$1350 to anticipate the November installment of taxes for 1894 to pay the bond which fell due Aug. 10, 1894, and yet, notwithstanding that fact, and notwithstanding the tax payers of Greencastle and Monroe townships had also paid into the treasury money for the payment of this bond, on October 20, 1896, the bond was yet unpaid, but an examination of the records of the auditor's office at this time will disclose the fact that on the 23rd day of October, 1896, (three days after the meeting at the court house) \$3956.26 were paid to the Central National bank of Greencastle in payment of the two bonds given for the purchase of the Greencastle & Crawfordville gravel road, which matured on the 10th of August, 1894 and 1895 respectively. A singular part of this transaction is that the money which was paid in satisfaction of the bond due August 10, 1894, was paid to the same bank on the 23rd of October, 1896, from which the money was borrowed with which to pay the same in August 1894. The question the tax payers would like to have answered is "who has been paying the interest on these bonds since maturity, and why were they not paid when they fell due, and why were they paid so quickly after the exposure of the 20th of October, if there was nothing crooked in the transaction?" The tax payers of Greencastle and Monroe townships were astounded when they learned that the money which they paid to the treasury in 1894 and 1895 to take up the bonds due Aug. 10, '94, and Aug. 10, '95, had not been used for that purpose and that the bonds were yet outstanding and drawing interest. No wonder there was a rushing and hurrying about last Wednesday and Thursday, and that on Friday the two bonds were taken up as above stated. But the bonds due Aug. 10, '96, over \$4,727, are yet unpaid. How much is the county indebtedness? Can any one tell?

COLLIVER AND ADER.

The Chairman and ex-Chairman Smoked out at Last.

What the common people have been expecting all campaign came to pass Monday evening—Messrs. Colliver and Ader declared themselves. By advertising "Bogardus," another of those many freaks popocracy has been giving the public this year, a crowd was secured. Bogardus wasn't there, however, and Chairman Colliver talked. Mr. Colliver has been a little slow about getting into action this year and upon this last week of campaign was forced to show his hand. This he did in a rambling talk that had no argument for beginning and none for an ending. "Pres" labored hard and didn't make a point. He carried no figures or statistics and made a mess of all his calculations. In illustrating a point he said that an honest man would give in his hidden gold broadstreet and added that Uncle Billy Broadstreet, the assessor, would thus not have to go around and hustle him in for failing to give in his wealth. We would like to ask the chairman if he was thus hinting at Stockwell, when the democratic papers charge with withholding matters from Uncle Billy. Though chairman of the Putnam county democratic committee Mr. Colliver has not raised his voice all campaign in Greencastle for the ticket until the last week. It looks like the court house gang had smoked him out of silence. When he concluded the disappointed crowd broke out like sheep. Mr. Ader having happened in "opportunistically" about five minutes before.

Mr. Ader was called out and with a blow and bluster told how this was the close of the campaign and that he hadn't been in the harness for "personal reasons" but he wanted to declare that he would vote a straight democratic ticket from top to bottom. Then the county attorney started in on county matters but got sidetracked at once and other than saying that there was no rottenness in the court house and that the republicans hadn't exploded a bomb shell he said nothing. He said the republicans had misrepresented, but he did not offer a figure to show wherein they had or to show that he was right. He failed utterly to convince any one that he was stating the truth on county matters, because he failed to prove his assertions. Why didn't he tell how on Friday his court house gang had slipped in and paid off nearly \$4000 worth of bonds and where they got the money? The meeting was the chillest of the campaign.

Why hasn't the Democrat made a parade of the fact that the county has paid off nearly \$4000 worth of bonds. Does it propose giving the news or will it remain silent? For its benefit we will state that the court house crowd has hustled around and secured money enough somewhere to patch up a very small part of the debt. Will the Democrat please state where the money was found? Who supplied it? What fund it was taken from? And why the Democrat has waited until the BANNER TIMES mentioned it. The people of Putnam are fast getting on to the gang and will not be deceived by such a puny and dark lantern deal as the one by which this small payment of debt was made. Insist on seeing all the books when you pay your taxes this week, gentlemen. You will then not believe the bare assertions of a county attorney, who will give you no figures or facts to back his words. Mere assertion in this campaign goes for naught. Facts are what are wanted, and the court house crowd and their attorney fail to give them.

The democratic leaders of Putnam county are truly desperate. They slipped in on last Friday and paid off, as will be seen elsewhere in this issue, \$3956.26 worth of bonds to the Central National bank. These bonds were due in 1894 and 1895, and much interest has been paid on them. The exposure made

by the republicans on Oct. 20, have done that much good at least. It has caused these democratic officials to pay a small part of the indebtedness of the county, but the people would like to know where the money came from to pay it. Why could it be raised within three days after the exposure after it had been delinquent for several years? Was the money taken out of the November installment of taxes being paid in and if it was what is the county going to run on all winter? It is evident that these bonds were paid off quietly in order that the gang might deceive the people. They could take a "kicker" into the vaults and show him where the bonds had been paid off, but they of course would not show the date of the payment. Every tax payer who sees last Friday's entry on the Bond Register should note the date these bonds were paid off. They were paid three days after the republicans exposed Putnam's enormous debt. Looks like that republican meeting has done nearly \$4000 worth of good at least. Open books!

In September the county didn't have money enough to pay interest on its debt. Now it pays \$4000 worth of bonds. Where did the money come from? What fund furnished it?

Ex-Chairman Ader said last night that he told Smith Matson that Putnam county would go democratic and he advised Smith to "stick a draypin" there. We advise a telegraph pole. A draypin will never hold down an assertion, like that in the year of 1896. That is a mere matter of opinion on the part of the county attorney, whose opinion by the way isn't always altogether correct.

Ex-Congressman Cooper said in opening his speech: "I have always been a democrat and I am a democrat yet." Mr. Cooper then denounced the Chicago platform and the St. Louis popular platform as a combination he could not stand. There are many democrats in Putnam who will think the same way.

The "crime of '73" wasn't a circumstance in surreption compared with the quiet manner in which those court bonds were paid off Oct. 23, 1896.

Allen's cloak sale will be of interest to parties wanting a choice garment at correct prices. Wednesday from 1 o'clock to Thursday noon.

SOUND MONEY DEMOCRATS.

Two Meetings Arranged for Hon. John T. Dye, Bainbridge and Roachdale. There are a large number of sound money democrats in this county and they are to have sound meetings this week. At Bainbridge Thursday night, Oct. 29, Hon. John T. Dye, of Indianapolis, one of the leading sound money democrats in the state will address the people and on Friday night, Oct. 29, he will speak at Roachdale. Mr. Dye will make a speech that will be in line with that of Judge Robinson and that is saying a great deal. Don't forget the dates.

COUNTRY LOCAL NEWS.

Interesting Items from Principal Points of Putnam County.

MT. PLEASANT.

Mrs. Sallie Peck, of Fleming county, Ky., visited relatives here this week.

Jim Callaway has commenced to build a new house.

The school is progressing nicely with Mr. Wheelaw as teacher. The thirty scholars enrolled and one of the number there but two boys for Bryan.

The Ladies' Aid Society and other sisters of the Christian church of the more will serve dinner and supper election day, Tuesday, Nov. 3, at the residence of Mrs. J. W. Bridges. extend a cordial invitation to all. Proceeds for the benefit of the church.

WHILE OTHER BRANDS OF CIGARS ARE DETERIORATING

Cubanola

IS KEPT AT THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE POINT OF EXCELLENCE. THIS IS POSSIBLE BY REASON OF IMMENSE SALES. CUBANOLA CIGARS NO OUTSELLS ANY THREE OTHER BRANDS. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR CUBANOLA. A. KIEFER DRUG COMPANY

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS INDIANAPOLIS

DRINK PURE WATER

Bucket Pump and Water Purifier

BEST ON EARTH
For Wells and Cisterns.Gold Medal World's Exposition.
Will purify a foul well or cistern in 10
days use or money refunded.Draws 10 gallons of
water per minute. No
tubing to rust, burst
or wear. Never has
to be packed, primed
or thawed. Will not
freeze. As buckets
drain themselves.
Will not rust, chain
and buckets made of
galvanized steel. Can
be set up in 15 min-
utes. No attachments
below the platform.
No wooden tubing,
rubber or leather to
contaminate the wa-
ter. Makes bad water
good and good water
better. Saves its cost in doctor bills
alone every year, pure water being a pre-
ventative against Cholera, Typhoid and
Malaria Fever.FOR SALE BY JESSE RICHARDSON
GREENCASTLE, IND.

They have the silver basis in India, have had it for centuries, and it has had a fair trial. It would ruin this country and bankrupt everybody. The fountain of business is stability, and with a silver standard you can never have it. In Calcutta I can buy this suit of clothes for \$40 today, and perhaps \$20 tomorrow, and the next day it will be \$50. You can never tell from the number of dollars you own how much you are worth. The country is at the mercy of the money changers and speculators. The idea of going to a silver standard from a gold one is too ridiculous for serious consideration. I have seen enough of this in India.—Bishop Eburn's opinion affirmed and endorsed by his own name.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES A. MOUNT.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. S. HAGGARD.
For Secretary of State,
W. D. OWENS.
For Auditor of State,
A. C. DAILY.
For Treasurer of State,
F. J. SCHOLZ.
For Attorney-General,
W. A. KETCHAM.
For Reporter Supreme Court,
CHARLES F. REMY.
For Superintendent Public Instruction,
D. M. GETTING.
For Statistician,
S. J. THOMPSON.
For Appellate Judge, First District,
WOODFIN D. ROBINSON.
For Judge Appellate Court, Second Dis-
trict,
WILLIAM J. HENLEY.
For Judge Appellate Court, Third Dis-
trict,
JAMES B. BLACK.
For Judge Appellate Court, Fourth Dis-
trict,
D. W. COMSTOCK.
For Judge Appellate Court, Sixth Dis-
trict,
U. Z. WILEY.

Voters via Big Four.

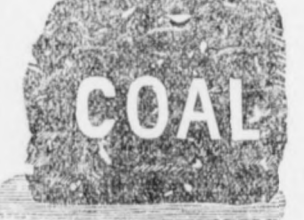
For the accommodation of voters re-
turning to their homes for the presiden-
tial election the Big Four will sell
round trip tickets to all central traffic
association points. Points more than
200 miles distant Nov. 2; points less
than 200 miles Nov. 2 and 3, return
limit 4th. Half fare.

F. P. HUESTIS, AGT.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think
of some thing to patent?
Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth.
Write JOHN WILSON, 123 S. 3rd, Patent Attor-
ney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,000 prize offer
and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

B. F. JOSLIN

Handles the Highest Grade Brazil Block

And the Best Pittsburgh and Anthracite.
Yard opposite Vandavia freight office.**Big Four Excursions.**

To many points in southern states
first and third Tuesday of each month,
about half rate, one way.

To Mexico City, Nov. 6 and 9, return
limit, Dec. 31, \$63.35.

To St. Louis, Nov. 12 and 13, return
10th, \$6.25.

To all points in C. T. Ass'n territory,
Nov. 2 and 3, one fare, return limit
Nov. 4.

Terre Haute, Oct. 28 return 29, \$1.05.
F. P. HUESTIS, Agent.

Today's Local Markets.

[Furnished the DAILY BANNER TIMES
daily by R. W. Allen, manager of Ar-
thur Jordan's poultry house.]

Hens.....5
Springs, choice.....5
Turkeys, small.....5
C. H. S.....5
Turkey hens.....5
Turkey, old toms.....5
Turkeys, young 8 pds. and over choice fat 495
Geese, 12 pds. over.....5
Ducks.....5
Eggs, fresh subject to banding.....5
Butter, good.....5

To Cure a Cold.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine. It
kills a cold, cures the money
if it fails to cure. 25c. 10c. 5c.

The BANNER TIMES
For Envelopes**Republican Speakings.**

Gen. J. G. Pitkins, of New York,
ex-governor of Louisiana, will
speak at Greencastle, Oct. 29.

Dr. A. H. Moore, Beech Grove
school house, Oct. 27, 7 p. m.

B. F. Corwin, Center school
house, Floyd township, Friday Oct.
30, 7 p. m. This meeting is changed
from school house No. 8.

THE WOMEN VOTING.

Ladies are Given a Chance to Express
their Choice for President.

The women's vote, now being taken
throughout the country, for President,
is of great interest to all parties, as it
has long been a matter of conjecture
what course they would pursue if given
the elective franchise. Large numbers
of the best ladies in the land are mak-
ing use of this opportunity to express
their own views, and the final result of
the woman's vote is looked forward to
with great interest. The ladies seem
deeply in earnest in this opportunity to
express their preference in national
affairs. It is true the movement brings
into marked prominence a manufactur-
ing firm whose office force is used for
receiving and reporting the ballot twice
a week but that fact is simply incidental
and does not detract from the pro-
found public interest in the question
of the woman's vote. It has been
urged that the vote is perhaps more
sure to be accurately and fairly counted
by the skilled accountants of a business
office than when handled by some of
the ordinary judges of election. How-
ever this may be, the Company is of
National repute, and pledge their com-
mercial integrity and honor to an ac-
curate and final counting under oath.
Ladies write on a postal card the name
of their choice for President. Sign
name and give address. Also in lower
left hand corner name a Banker or Gro-
cer who knows the fair voter. This
card is sent to the Postum Cereal Food
Coffee Co., Battle Creek, Mich., and
each bona-fide voter receives an ac-
knowledgegment of the receipt of her
vote. The report may, or may not, be
favorable to the candidate this paper
supports, but the statement will never
theless appear exactly as the woman's
vote stands, and the reader must form
his own conclusions therefrom.

Wednesday and Saturday papers each
week will give report by states on the
progress of this unique feature of a
most unique campaign.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tab-
lets. All druggists refund the money
if it fails to cure. 25c. 10c. 5c.

Fusion Negotiations Off.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—G. F. Washburn
of the Populist national committee, re-
turned from Georgia yesterday and de-
clared all fusion negotiations between
him and Senator Jones off. He blames
the Tennessee and Georgia Democrats
for adjourning their conventions with-
out returning a counter proposition to
one sent them by the Populist. He says
the action of the Democrats in those
states indicates that they would rather
defeat the Populists than elect Bryan.

F. P. Sargent's Election.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 27.—General Super-
intendent J. C. Moorhead of the Chi-
cago and Erie railroad has received a
letter from F. P. Sargent, chief of the
Locomotive Firemen's Brotherhood, in
which Sargent says he stands "pro-
nounced for sound money" and against
a depreciated currency. He says: "I
want to say to you very emphatically
that I shall vote for William McKin-
ley."

Say the Report Is False.

GENEVA, Ind., Oct. 27.—Citizens of
this place are worked up over a re-
port sent out by Dr. Hurty, secretary of
the Indiana state board of health that
he had "heard from a traveling man
that diphtheria was killing children
rapidly here, and that citizens were try-
ing to conceal the fact for business
reasons." The statement is false. The
facts are that two children, born with
bronchial affections, have died during
the past three weeks, and that is the ex-
tent of the death list.

In Behalf of Armenians.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Commander
Booth-Tucker of the Salvation Army
presided at a mass meeting in Carnegie
hall last night at which a welcome was
given to the Armenian refugees. On
the stage were 50 persons who were
called refugees. Telegrams were read
from Rev. Bishop Satterlee of Washing-
ton and Hon. David Brewer of the su-
preme court. Letters were read from a
number of prominent persons and a
cablegram was received from Gladstone.

The bank of British North America has
deposited at the United States treasury
in New York \$50,000 in gold for examina-
tion. There has been deposited at the as-
say office \$370,000 in gold from Europe and
\$200,000 from Cuba.

Armed bands in the province of Bahia,
Brazil, are reported to the government at
Rome to have become active and have
planned a number of Italian farmers.
Italy is now negotiating a settlement with
the Brazilian government for a similar
outrage by these bands.

RAID ON WAGES.GOLD DOLLAR BUYS TOO MUCH, SAY
PROMINENT SILVERITES.

Senators Jones and Teller Would Reduce
the Purchasing Power of Wages to Help
Manufacturers—Boies to Help Big Farm-
ers—Other Silverite Authorities Agree
That Our Present Dollar Is Too Good
For the Wage Earner.

If any wage earner thinks that free
coinage at 16 to 1 would not reduce his
actual wages and that it is not intended
to do so by leading silverites, he should
read the following quotations from
speeches and letters of some of silver's
warmest friends. Bryan is more guard-
ed in his language than some of his
friends, but he virtually tells the work-
ingmen of the country that their wages
are too high when he tells the western
farmers that cheap money, and conse-
quently higher prices, will help them to
pay their debts:

The sole object of remonetizing silver,
as I understand it, is to secure a cheaper
dollar with which to measure and regu-
late prices. Our present gold dollar
is too valuable; its purchas-
ing power is too great; it will buy
too much.—Senator J. K. Jones,
Chairman Democratic National Com-
mittee.

I am confident that we shall very
soon hear from the great industrial in-
terests of Christendom, now threatened,
as never before, by the competition of
the silver using countries, especially the
Asiatic countries, or what has been pro-
perly called "the Asiatic peril." This
competition cannot be met by tariffs
and can only be overturned by a change
in the monetary system that
now is giving to Asiatic manu-
facturers a bonus of such mag-
nitude as to render competition
with them on our part impossi-
ble.—Senator H. M. Teller in New
York World, Feb. 15, 1896.

I have myself in this state two farms,
paid for largely with money I have
earned as a lawyer. One is a farm of
2,500 acres of land, and the other con-
tains 1,000 acres. With the present
price of labor and the present price
paid for farm products no man in the
world could take either of these farms,
even if I should present them with the
ground, and make a dollar out of it. A
farmer who works himself and is as-
sisted by the labor of sons and daughters
could make a small farm pay, but no
farm is profitable when conducted on
the basis of a manufacturing business.
Cheap and abundant money is the
only remedy for this intoler-
able state of things.—Ex-Governor
Horace Boies.

Wages in gold using countries have,
through the appreciation of gold, be-
come a hundred per cent dearer than
they were relatively to silver wages,
and the manufacturer in the sil-
ver standard countries can "ob-
tain his labor at half the cost
relatively to gold wages which
he formerly paid."—Mr. George
Jamieson British Consul at Shanghai,
1893.

One of the greatest evils (referring to
Mexico) at the present time is the exis-
tence of a scale of wages which de-
fies all power of reduction, which
robs the laborer of all sense of dignity
or feeling of association with the rest
of their fellow citizens, and, having re-
duced them to a condition of abject
abasement, deteriorates to a like extent
their productive power and the measure
of their ability.—Bureau of American
Republics (Publication No. 9, 1891).

The silver standard is a great stimu-
lus in developing home manufactures,
because foreign commodities have to be
paid in gold, and, owing to the high
rate of exchange, their price becomes so
high that it pays well to manufacture
some of them at home. Our low
wages also help to bring about
these results.—Senator Romero
of Mexico in a Recent Article in North
American Review.

It is true that under an era of higher
prices fixed salaries will not go so far as
now, but now they go too far, and
their purchasing power ought to be
reduced. These salaries were mostly
established before the hard times set in,
and now represent vastly more than
was intended when the salaries were
created.—Detroit Tribune, a free silver
paper.

It is true, as you state, that the
laborer (in Mexico) gets only half
as much from a gold standpoint
as formerly, but what has gold to do
with the case? Silver is his measure of
values. He is paid for his labor in silver
and pays it out for the necessities of
life, and he knows no difference,
whether his silver dollar is
worth from a gold standpoint
100 cents or only 50.—H. S. Beat-
tie (ardent silverite), President, Board
of Trade, El Paso, Tex.

I am for free silver because I am in
debt, and if we get free coinage I can
pay my debts with one-half of what it
now costs under our present money
standard. And another reason, I employ
laborers on my farm. They are the cred-
itors. I am the debtor. Under free
coinage I can pay them with
one-half it costs me now, for it
will raise the price of products,
and I can then hire my farm help
for 60 cents a day and pay them
in bacon at 15 cents a pound.—
James Kitchen, an extensive farmer and
stockman, of Grayson, Ky.

Goldbugs in the Wheat.

Goldbugs must have got into the
wheatfields, judging from the way in
which wheat persists in going up while
the price of silver is falling. The Bry-
anites must find some other standard of
comparison than their favorite bushel
of wheat, and they have not much time
left in this campaign.—Boston Trans-
cript.

It is no longer the 53 cent dollar
against which we contend. It is the 50
cent dollar, with a tendency toward 40
cents of actual value.

**INSTRUCTIONS
TO VOTERS.****Republican Ticket.**For Presidential Electors at
Large.

HENRY G. THAYER.

CHARLES F. JONES.

District Electors.

WILLIAM C. MASON.

SECOND DISTRICT.

ARTHUR M. WARD.

THIRD DISTRICT.

EDMUND A. MAGINNNESS.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

DONALD McCALLUM.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

WILLIAM C. HALL.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

EUGENE C. THOMPSON.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

ADDISON C. HARRIS.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

BENJAMIN G. SHINN.

NINTH DISTRICT.

JAMES R. CHRISTIAN.

TENTH DISTRICT.

DUNCAN MCA. WILLIAMS.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

JERU Z. POWELL.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

CALDWELL W. TUTTLE.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

SAMUEL W. GOULD.

For Governor.

JAMES A. MOUNT.

For Lieutenant Governor.

WILLIAM S. HAGGARD.

For Secretary of State.

WILLIAM D. OWEN.

For Auditor of State.

AMERICUS C. DAILY.

For Treasurer of State.

FREDERICK J. SCHOLZ.

For Attorney-General.

WILLIAM A. KETCHAM.

For Reporter Supreme Court.

CHARLES F. REMY.

For Superintendent Public In-
struction.

DAVID M. GETTING.

For State Statistician.

SIMEON J. THOMPSON.

For Judge Appellate Court,
First District.

WOODFIN D. ROBINSON.

SECOND DISTRICT.

WILLIAM J. HENLEY.

THIRD DISTRICT.

JAMES B. BLACK.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

DANIEL W. COMSTOCK.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

ULRIC Z. WILEY.

1. You must get your ballots of the
polling clerks in the electionroom.

2. If you want to vote a straight ticket,
stamp within the large square at the
head of the ticket containing the device
of the party for whose candidates you
wish to vote. If you do not wish to vote
a straight ticket you must not stamp the
large square containing the device of
your party, but you must stamp the
small square to the left of the name of
each candidate for whom you desire to
vote, on whatever list of candidates it
may be. If the large square at the head
of the ticket is stamped, and the ballot
is stamped at any other place, it is void
and cannot be counted, unless there be
no candidate for some office in the list
printed under such stamped device, in
which case he may indicate his choice
for such office by stamping the square
to the left of the name of any candidate
for such office on any other list. The
stamp must be placed within or on the
square or the ballot is void and cannot
be counted.

3. Do not mutilate your ballot, or
mark it either by scratching a name off
or writing one on, or in any other way,
except by the stamping on the square or
squares, as before mentioned. Other-
wise the ballot will not be counted.

4. After stamping your ballots, and
before leaving the booth, fold them sep-
arately, so that the face of them cannot
be seen and so that the initial letters of
the names of the polling clerks on the
back thereof can be seen. Then hand
your ballots to the inspector, the stamp
to the polling clerk, and leave the room.

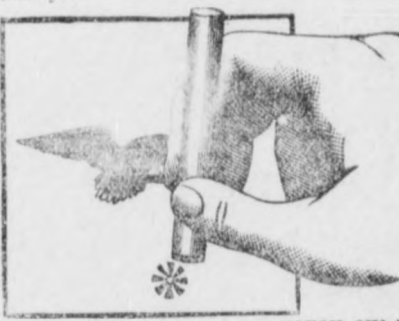
5. If you are physically unable to
stamp your ballots, or cannot read En-
glish, inform the polling clerks and
tell them how you wish to vote and
they will stamp your ballots for you.
But the voter and clerks should not per-
mit any other person to hear or see how
the ballots are stamped.

6. If you should accidentally or by
mistake deface, mutilate or spoil your
ballot, return it to the poll clerks and
get a new ballot.

7. You must not accept a ballot from
any person outside of the electionroom.
Any ballot outside is fraudulent, and it
is a penitentiary offense to have such a
ballot in your possession whether you
attempt to vote or not.

8. You must not attempt to hold any
conversation in the electionroom except
with members of the election board and
the poll clerks. It is a penal offense to
declare that you cannot read English or
cannot mark your ballot, if, in fact, you
can.

9. You must not put any mark of any
kind on your ballot except with the
stamp.



do not get your ballots of the
polling clerks in the electionroom
1. If you want to vote a straight ticket,
stamp within the large square at the
head of the ticket containing the device
of the party for whose candidates you
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to the left of the name of any candidate
for such office on any other list. The
stamp must be placed within or on the
square or the ballot is void and cannot
be counted.

Have Those Old Books**Of Yours Repaired**

—AT—

A -:- SMALL -:- EXPENSE

They will last a lifetime after we
have resewed them. Don't neg-
lect to bring your magazines, port-
folios and valuable music and have
them bound.

Banner Times Bindery.**NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET**For President,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
Of Ohio.For Vice President,
GARRET A. HOBART,
Of New Jersey.**MISCELLANEOUS.**For Prosecutor 13th District,
HENRY C. LEWIS.For Congress,
GEORGE W. FARIS.For Joint Senator,
ENOCH G. HOGATE.For Joint Representative,
JOHN M. KELLER.**REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.**For Representative,
A. H. MOORE,
Of Clinton.For Treasurer,
JAMES MATTHEWS,
Of Greencastle.For Sheriff,
DANIEL W. MACY,
Of Jefferson.For Assessor,
H. C. DARNALL,
Of Monroe.For Surveyor,
FRANK WILLIAMS,
Of Warren.For Coroner,
DR. W. F. SUMMERS,
Of Franklin.For Commissioner, 2nd District,
J. C. REAT,
Of Marion.For Commissioner, 3rd District,
LYCURGUS STONER,
Of Washington.**ANDY SCHAFFER AND JACOB SCHUCK**Of Martinsville, Ind., Recommend Wright's
Celery Capsules.MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 28, 1896.
To the Wright Medical Co., Columbus
Ohio.

GENTS—I have purchased a box of
Wright's Celery Capsules from W. B.
Tarleton, druggist, and used them for
indigestion, stomach trouble and con-
stipation. I have been greatly bene-
fited, in fact almost cured with one
box. It is the best medicine without
exception that I have used for my trou-
bles. Yours very truly,
ANDY SCHAFFER.

MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 18, 1896
To the Wright Medical Co., Columbus
Ohio.

GENTS—I have purchased a box of
Wright's Celery Capsules from W. B.
Tarleton, druggist, and used them for
indigestion and constipation. I was
greatly benefited by using them and
would not be without them.

Very truly yours,

JACOB SCHUCK.

For sale by ALBERT ALLEN, Druggist

NOTICE.

As we went our way down Jack-
son street south from court house square
notice a Doctor's sign on the north
corner owned by Mr. J. F. Hill. The
sign states that the Doctor treats al-
l delicate and private diseases confident-
ly. He has a long experience in the
treatment of the

EYES AND EARSDISEASES OF THE LIVER
AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS.The Doctor has made a specialty for
twenty years of**- - - FEMALE WEAKNESSES - - -**

And all ailments pertaining to their sex.
He guarantees all he undertakes to cure.
Will positively not undertake a case un-
less he feels sure of making a cure.
Charges are low in all cases. Call on
the Doctor at

CONSULTATION IS FREE.

A small charge is made in some cases
where instruments are required for ex-
amination. Office hours from 9 o'clock
a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m. Convenient
rooms upstairs in block above stated.
Ladies may rely on receiving gentle-
manly treatment.

Voters Attention.

The Vandavia line will make rates of
one fare for the round trip to points on
this line, going November 2 and 3, re-
turn limit November 4, to enable voters
to go home to vote.

For Envelopes see
The BANNER TIMES, p. 107